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PART II—Section 2 Bills and Report of Select Committees on Bills

PARLIAMENT OF INDIA

The following Bill was introduced in Parliament on the 20th February, 1951:—

BILL* No. 7 OF 1951

A Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the service of the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1951, for the purposes of railways.

Be it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Appropriation (Railways) Act, 1951.

2. Issue of Rs. 24,18,57,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the year 1950-51.—From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of twenty-four crores, sixteen lakhs and fifty-seven thousand rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1951, in respect of the services relating to railways specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. Appropriation.—The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1951.

SCHEDULE

(See sections 2 and 3)

1 No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3		
		Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parlia- ment	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4	Working Expenses— Administration	20,00,000	..	20,00,000
5	Working Expenses— Repairs and Maintenance	1,04,53,000	..	1,04,53,000

* The President has, in pursuance of clauses (1) and (3) of article 117 of the Constitution of India, recommended to Parliament the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

1 No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3 Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
6	Working Expenses— Operating Staff	46,30,000	..	46,30,000
7	Working Expenses— Operation (Fuel)	23,42,000	..	23,42,000
8	Working Expenses— Operation (other than Staff and Fuel).	37,63,000	..	37,63,000
9	Working Expenses— Miscellaneous Expenses . .	39,59,000	..	39,59,000
11	Appropriation to Depreciation Fund.	13,00,00,000	..	13,00,00,000
14	Appropriation to Revenue Reserve Fund.	2,23,56,000	..	2,23,56,000
16	Open Line Works— Additions	1,28,96,000	..	1,28,96,000
17	Open Line Works— Replacements	4,21,04,000	..	4,21,04,000
20	Dividend payable to General Revenues.	71,54,000	..	71,54,000
	GRAND TOTAL	24,16,57,000	..	24,16,57,000

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of article 114(1) of the Constitution of India read with Article 115 thereof, to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India of the monies required to meet the Supplementary Grants made by Parliament for expenditure of the Central Government on Railways for 1950-51.

N. GOPALASWAMI.

NEW DELHI;

The 9th February, 1951.

The following Bill was introduced in Parliament on the 21st February, 1951:—

BILL No. 9 OF 1951

A Bill to authorise advocates of the Supreme Court to practise as of right in any High Court.

BE it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

1. Short title and extent.—(1) This Act may be called the Supreme Court Advocates (Practice in High Courts) Act, 1951.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

2. Right of Supreme Court Advocates to practise in any High Court.—Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926 (XXXVIII of 1926), or in any other law regulating the conditions subject to which a person not entered in the roll of Advocates of a High Court may be permitted to practise in that High Court, every Advocate of the Supreme Court shall be entitled as of right to practise in any High Court whether or not he is an Advocate of that High Court:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to entitle any person, merely by reason of his being an Advocate of the Supreme Court,—

(a) to plead or to act in any High Court in the exercise of its original jurisdiction; or

(b) to practise in a High Court of which he was at any time a Judge, if he had given an undertaking not to practise therein after ceasing to hold office as such Judge.

Explanation.—In this section, “High Court” includes the Court of a Judicial Commissioner.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

With the establishment of the Supreme Court, there has arisen the need for the constitution of a united Bar for the whole of India. It is proposed that as a first step in this direction, all Advocates of the Supreme Court should be entitled as of right to practise, that is, plead as well as act, in any High Court, including a Judicial Commissioner's Court. The Supreme Court Rules provide *inter alia* that a person must have been enrolled as an Advocate of a High Court for at least seven years before he could be enrolled as an advocate of the Supreme Court. While ordinarily the practice of an Advocate of the Supreme Court would be confined to that Court and to his own High Court, there might well be occasions for him to appear before other High Courts. The rules of the various High Courts on the matter are not uniform. The present Bill is intended to achieve such uniformity by providing that every Advocate of the Supreme Court shall be entitled to practise as of right in any High Court otherwise than on its original side.

B. R. AMBEDKAR.

NEW DELHI;

The 14th February, 1951.

The following Bill was introduced in Parliament on the 22nd February, 1951:—

BILL* No. 10 of 1951

A Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the service of the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1951.

Be it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

1. **Short title.**—This Act may be called the Appropriation Act, 1951.

2. **Issue of Rs. 33,18,05,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the year 1950-51.**—From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of thirty-three crores, eighteen lakhs and five thousand rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1951, in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. **Appropriation.**—The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1951.

* The President has, in pursuance of clauses (1) and (3) of article 117 of the Constitution of India, recommended to Parliament the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

SCHEDULE

(See sections 2 and 3)

No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3 Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consoli- dated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
11	Ministry of Home Affairs	77,000	..	77,000
13	Ministry of Law	15,53,000	..	15,53,000
15	Ministry of Agriculture	75,000	..	75,000
17	Ministry of External Affairs	2,61,000	..	2,61,000
19	Ministry of Commerce	3,66,000	..	3,66,000
20	Ministry of Labour	1,26,000	..	1,26,000
24	Ministry of Food	1,000	..	1,000
29	Payments to other Governments, Depart- ments, etc., on account of the administra- tion of Agency Subjects and Management of Treasuries.	17,000	..	17,000
35	Lighthouses and Lightships	56,000	..	56,000
37	Tribal Areas	24,07,000	..	24,07,000
38	External Affairs	16,09,000	..	16,09,000
39	Survey of India	1,000	..	1,000
48	Education	1,80,000	..	1,80,000
51	Agriculture	1,000	..	1,000
53	Industries and Supplies	1,000	..	1,000
62	Joint Stock Companies }	67,000	..	67,000
63	Indian Dairy Department	26,000	..	26,000
64	Miscellaneous Departments	24,06,000	..	24,06,000
70	Territorial and Political Pensions	1,48,000	..	1,48,000
71	Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	14,67,000	..	14,67,000
72	Stationery and Printing	43,17,000	..	43,17,000
73	Miscellaneous	14,82,23,000	..	14,82,23,000
74	Expenditure on Displaced Persons	26,51,000	..	26,51,000
79	Grants-in-aid to States	30,71,000	..	30,71,000
80A	Extraordinary payments	10,00,000	..	10,00,000
81	Resettlement and Development	23,08,000	..	23,08,000

1 No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3 Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consoli- dated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
83	Pre-partition payments	2,63,25,000	75,000	2,64,00,000
85	Ajmer	6,18,000	..	6,18,000
87	Himachal Pradesh	3,91,000	..	3,91,000
88	Bilaspur	56,000	..	56,000
89	Bhopal	13,93,000	..	13,93,000
89A	Vindhya Pradesh	2,10,000	..	2,10,000
91	Tripura	11,50,000	..	11,50,000
93	Relations with States	1,09,000	..	1,09,000
	Staff, Household and Allowances of the President.	..	7,000	7,000
95	Capital Outlay on the India Security Press .	3,50,000	..	3,50,000
98	Capital Outlay on Industrial Development .	10,59,000	..	10,59,000
104	Capital Outlay on Civil Works	2,63,98,000	..	2,63,98,000
105	Commuted value of Pensions	38,00,000	..	38,00,000
106	Payments to Retrenched Personnel	4,57,000	..	4,57,000
108	Capital Outlay on Schemes of State Trading	1,000	..	1,000
110	Interest-free and Interest-bearing Advances	..	8,00,00,000	8,00,00,000
	Repayment of Debt	1,89,91,000	1,89,91,000
	GRAND TOTAL	23,27,32,000	9,90,73,000	33,18,05,000

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of article 114(1) of the Constitution of India, read with article 115 thereof, to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India of the moneys required to meet the supplementary expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund and the grants made by Parliament for expenditure of the Central Government, excluding Railways, for 1950-51.

CHINTAMAN D. DESHMUKH.

NEW DELHI;

The 9th February, 1951.

M. N. KAUL,
Secretary.

